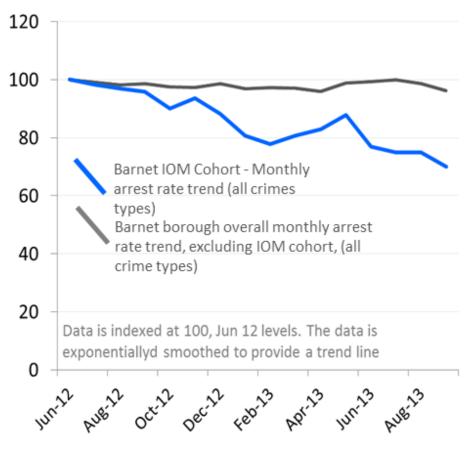
There is evidence reduced IOM cohort offending is translating into less crime and fewer people becoming victims of crime in Barnet:

Reducing criminal activity

Barnet's IOM cohort's arrest rate trend vs. Non IOM



How does this translates into headline level crime reductions?

Crime has fallen in Barnet over the last 12 months; the reductions in major acquisitive crimes (such as burglary and robbery) have been greater than most other London boroughs. Over the rolling 12 months to 30th Sep 2013 Barnet achieved a 7.7% reduction in Residential burglary compared to the previous 12 months. Recently this reduction has been even larger: Between Apr to Sep 2013 there has been a 22% reduction (**approximately 336 fewer Residential burglaries**)

To what extent has the apparent reduction in criminal activity by the IOM cohort contributed to these results?

Based on:

a) Fall in the IOM cohort Burglary arrest rate from 2.5 per month (Nov11-Jun12) to 1.6 pm (Jul12 – Sep13)

b) Given Barnet borough's average ratio of 11.6 Residential burglary allegations for each arrest

c) Assuming the IOM cohorts actual rate of committing burglaries fell by the same proportion as their burglary arrest rate fell

This would suggest a ball park estimate of 10.4 per month fewer Residential burglaries committed by the IOM cohort (vs. their previous offending rate). In other words it is a plausible to believe that between April to September 2013 around 60 of the total reduction of 336 Residential burglaries were likely to have been due to reduced criminal activity by the IOM cohort.